END-TO-END VERIFICATION FOR SUBGRAPH SOLVING

Stephan Gocht^{1,2}, Ciaran McCreesh³, Magnus O. Myreen⁴,

Jakob Nordström^{2,1}, **Andy Oertel**^{1,2}, Yong Kiam Tan⁵

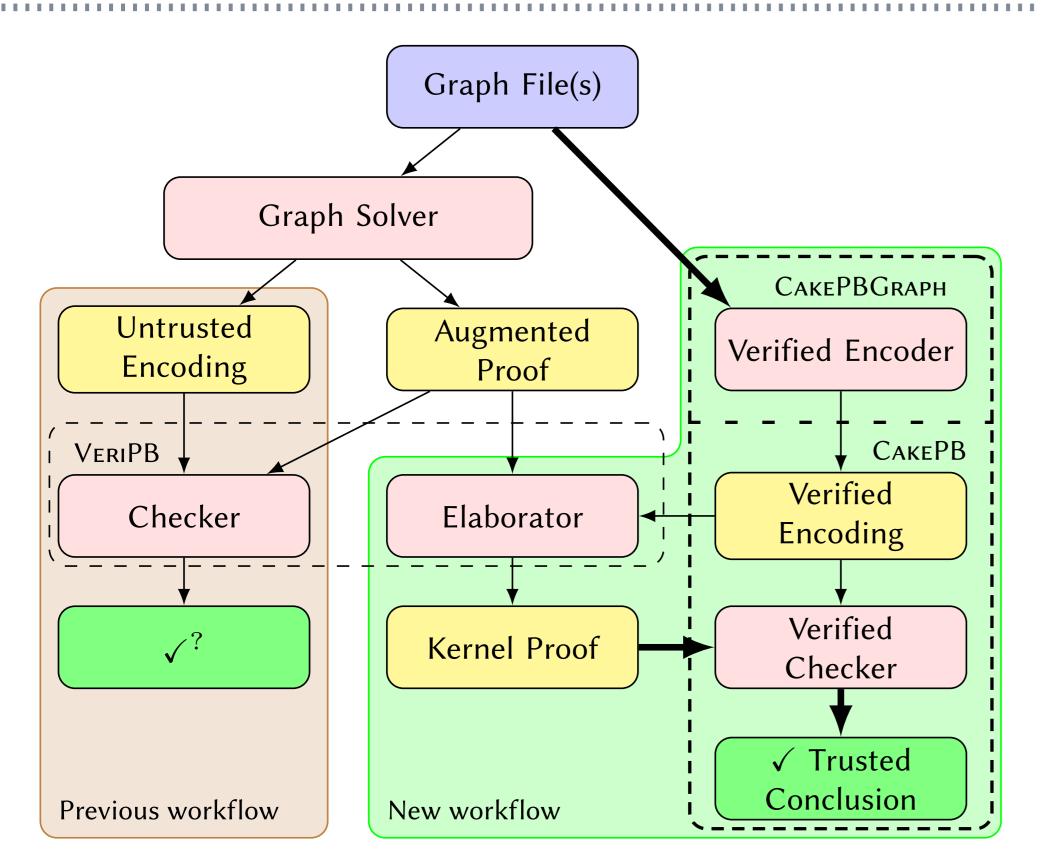
²University of Copenhagen ³University of Glasgow ⁴Chalmers University ⁵I²R, A*STAR ¹Lund University

Context: Modern subgraph solvers consist of thousands of lines of highly optimized code. How can we trust this code? Solver outputs proof that their result is correct.

Problem: Users have to trust the proof checker and the translation of the high-level graph problem into a 0-1 integer linear program (ILP) used for the proofs.

Solution: We close this issue by implementing a formally verified proof checker that can check a subset of the rules used in the proof system.

Our Workflow



Trusted Base

Our workflow reduces the components that need to be trusted to:

- Higher-order logic (HOL) definitions of input parser and problems \rightarrow easy to check
- HOL model of CAKEML environment and correspondence to real system \rightarrow validated extensively



Our workflow to get a formally verified result is as follows: 1. Solve problem with solver and generate augmented proof. 2. Elaborate augmented proof with VERIPB to kernel proof. 3. Check kernel proof with formally verified СакеРВ.

• HOL4 theorem prover, including its logic, implementation, and execution environment \rightarrow well established

Such a trusted base gives the highest assurance standard for formally verified software.

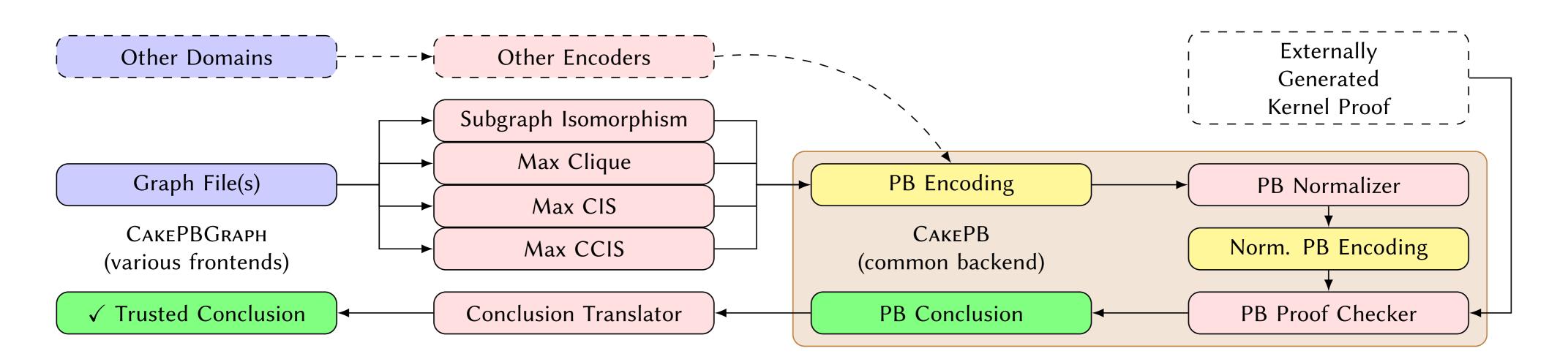
Proof Elaboration

The VERIPB proof format comes in two versions.

- Augmented proof format: Contains syntactic sugar for easy proof logging in the solver.
- Kernel proof format: Subset of augmented format that is efficient to check in a formally verified checker.

VERIPB can elaborate an augmented proof to a kernel proof.

Extensible Checking Framework



- Common backend: Performs general reasoning with 0-1 ILPs (a.k.a. PB).
- Frontend: Translates specific problem class into 0-1 ILP and back.

Source Code



- Our workflow is practicably viable for modern subgraph solvers.
- Elaborating augmented proof is not substantially slower than checking. • Checking kernel proof about the same time as elaborating on average.

